



১৪তম শিক্ষক নিবন্ধন- ২০১৭

পদের নাম: সহকারী শিক্ষক (ক্ষুল-২)

পরীক্ষার তারিখ: ২৫.০৮.২০১৭

সময়	: ৬০ মিনিট				পূৰ্ণমান: ১০০	
۵.	বাংলাদেশের মোট সীমান্ত	দৈৰ্ঘ্য কত?		১৩.	'সংগুণই জ্ঞান' উক্তিটি কার?	
	ক. ৫১৩৮ কিমি	খ. ৫১২০ কিমি			ক. সক্রেটিস খ. প্লেটো	
	গ. ৪৫০০ কিমি	ঘ. ৪৩০০ কিমি	উ: ক		<mark>গ. জন লক</mark> ঘ. এরিস্টটল উ :	: ক
ર.	বাংলাদেশের কোন ছানে	সবচেয়ে বেশি বৃষ্টিপাত হয়? 🦯		ک 8.	যুক্তফ্রন্টের ২১ দফার ১ম দফাটি ছিল-	
	ক. সিলেটের লালাখালে				ক. বাং <mark>লাকে অন্যতম রাষ্ট্রভাষা</mark> হিসেবে প্রতিষ্ঠা করা	
	খ. নাটোরের লালপুরে				খ. পাটকল জাতীয় <mark>করণ করা</mark>	
	গ. মৌলভীবাজার মাধববু	-50			গ. চাকরিতে সকলের স <mark>মান অধিকার</mark> নিশ্চিত করা	
	ঘ. রাজশাহীর তানোরে		উ: ক		ঘ. পূর্ব পাকিস্তানের সুষম উ <mark>ন্নয়ন নিশ্চিত</mark> করা	: ক
৩.	'অসমাপ্ত আত্মজীবনী' গ্ৰন্থ	টি কার রচনা?		3 &.	<mark>এডিস মশা নিচের কোন রোগটি<mark>র বাহক?</mark></mark>	
	ক. তাজউদ্দীন আহমেদ	খ. এ কে ফ <mark>জলুল হ</mark> ক			<mark>ক. গোদ রোগ খ. ম্যালেরিয়া</mark>	
	গ. ক্যাপ্টেন মনসুর আলী	ঘ. শেখ মু <mark>জিবুর রহ</mark> মান	উ: ঘ		প. চি <mark>কুনগুনি</mark> য়া ঘ. ফ <mark>াইলেরিয়া উ</mark>	: গ
8.	বাংলাদেশের শিক্ষার স্তর	কয়টি?		১৬.	কত <mark>সালে মার্কিন</mark> যুক্তরাষ্ট্র নারীরা <mark>ভোটাধিকা</mark> র লাভ করে?	
	ক. ৪টি	খ. ৫টি		No.	ক. ১৮২০ সালে খ. ১ <mark>৮২১ সা</mark> লে	
	গ. ৬টি	ঘ. ৭টি	উ: ক		গ. ১৯২০ সালে ঘ. <mark>১৯২১ সা</mark> লে উ	: গ
Œ.	বিশ্বের কততম দেশ হিল	সবে বাংলাদেশ <mark>সাবমেরিনে</mark> র যুগে	পদার্পণ	۵٩.	আন্তর্জাতিক নারীর দিবস কবে <mark>পালিত হ</mark> য়?	
	করে?				ক. ৮ মাৰ্চ খ. ৫ জুন	
	ক. ৮০তম	খ. ৪১তম			গ. ১০ ডিসেম্বর <mark>ঘ. ৮ সে</mark> প্টেম্বর উ :	: ক
	গ. ৪২তম	ঘ. ৪৩তম	উ: খ	۵۵.	জলবায়ু পরিবর্ত <mark>ন রোধে গঠিত</mark> গ্রিন ক্লাইমেট ফান্ড এর সদর দ	প্তর
৬.	সূর্য কিরণ থেকে কোন ভি	টা <mark>মিন পাওয়া যায়?</mark>			কোথায়?	
	ক. ভিটামিন এ	খ. ভিটামিন বি			<mark>ক. ইনচিয়ন, দক্ষিণ কো</mark> রিয়া	
	গ. ভিটামিন ই	ঘ. ভিটামিন ডি	উ: ঘ		খ. প্যারিস, ফ্রান্স	
٩.	জাতীয় শিক্ষক দিবস <mark> হ</mark> ে	ग-			গ. ভিয়েনা, অষ্ট্রিয়া	
	ক. ১৯ জানুয়ারি	খ. ২০ জানুয়ারি				: ক
	গ. ২১ জানুয়ারি	ঘ. ২২ জানুয়ারি	উ: ক	১৯.	পিঁপড়া ও মৌ <mark>মাছির</mark> কামড়ে থাকে-	
৮ .	বাংলাদেশের মুক্তিযু <mark>দ্ধে</mark> র স	ন <mark>ম</mark> য় প্ৰথম কোন জেলা শত্ৰুমুক্ত <mark>হয়</mark>	[?		ক <mark>. অ্যাস</mark> কর <mark>বিক এ</mark> সিড <mark>়ুখ</mark> . অ <mark>ক্সালিক</mark> এসিড	
	ক. মাগুরা	খ. মেহেরপুর				: গ
	গ. যশোর	ঘ. ময়মনসিংহ	উ: গ	২০.		
გ.		ম উপজাতি গোষ্ঠী কোনটি?		00	ক. জার্মানি খ. আর্জেন্টিনা	
	ক. সাঁওতাল	খ. চাকমা				: ঘ
	গ. মারমা	ঘ. রাখাইন	উ: গ	২১.	এয়ারফোর্স ওয়ান কি?	
٥٥.	সম্প্রতি ব্রিটেনের সাধা <mark>র</mark> ণ	নিৰ্বাচনে কোন দল জয়ী হয়?			ক. ব্রিটেনের প্রধানমন্ত্রীর বিমান	
	ক. লেবার পার্টি	খ. ডেমোক্রেটিক ইউনিয়ন			খ. রাশিয়ার রাষ্ট্রপতির বিমান	
	গ. স্কটিশ এলায়েন্স	ঘ. কনজারভেটিভ পার্টি	উ: ঘ		গ. আমেরিকার রাষ্ট্রপতির বিমান	
۵۵.	বৌদ্ধ সভ্যতার তীর্থস্থান '	তক্ষশীলা' কোথায় অবস্থিত?				: গ
	ক. পাকিস্তান	খ. নেপাল		২২.	দক্ষিণ আফ্রিকার মুদ্রার নাম কী?	
	গ. শ্রীলংকা	ঘ. ভারত	উ: ক		ক. ক্রোনা খ. ক্রুজিরো	
১২.	'অর্থশান্ত্র' গ্রন্থটি কার রচন					: ঘ
	ক. আবুল ফজল	খ. কৌটিল্য		২৩.	কোন যন্ত্রের সাহায্যে সমুদ্রর গভীরতা মাপা হয়?	
	গ. ইবনে খালদুন	ঘ. দীনেশ চন্দ্ৰ সেন	উ: খ		ক. থার্মোমিটার খ. ফ্যাদোমিটার	





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	গ. স্ফিগমোম্যানোমিটার	ঘ. রিখটার স্কেল	উ: খ		গ. ভূবণ	ঘ. ভূবণ	উ: খ
ર 8.	কম্পিউটারের স্থায়ী স্মৃতিকে	বলে-		৩৭.	সন্নিহিত দুটি ধ্বনির মিলন	কে কী বলে?	
	ক. ROM	খ. RAM			ক. সন্ধি	খ. প্রত্যয়	
	গ. Hard Disc	ঘ. Compact Disc	উ: ক		গ. বচন	ঘ. সমাস	উ: ক
২৫.	জাতিসংঘের নিরাপত্ত পরিষ	দের ছায়ী সদস্য সংখ্যা হলো-		৩৮.	নিয়ম অনুসারে সন্ধি হয় না	কোনটির?	
	ক. ৪টি	খ. ৫টি			ক. পাবক	খ. শাবক	
	গ. ৬টি	ঘ. ৭টি	উ: খ		গ. কুলটা	ঘ. গায়ক	উ: গ
২৬.	মানুষের ভাষা কিসের সাহা	য্যে সৃষ্টি হয়?		৩৯.	'রাজ্ঞী' এর সঠিক সন্ধি-বি		
	ক. ইঙ্গিতের সাহায্যে	খ. ঠোঁটের সাহায্যে			ক. রাজ্ + নী	খ. রাগ্ + নী	
	গ. কণ্ঠের সাহায্যে	ঘ. বাগযন্ত্রের সাহায্যে	উ: ঘ		গ. রাজ্ + জ্ঞী	`	উ: ক
২৭.	কথ্যরীতির সমন্বয়ে শিষ্টজনে	নর ব্যবহৃত ভাষাকে কী বলে?		80.	'সামীপ্য' অর্থে কোন অধিব		
	ক. সাধুভাষা	খ. আদৰ্শ চলিত ভাষা			ক. অভিব্যাপক	খ. আধারাধিকরণ	
	গ. আঞ্চলিক ভাষা	ঘ. দেশি ভাষা	উ: খ		গ. ঐকদেশিক	ঘ. কালাধিকরণ	উ: গ
২৮.	'সাক্ষী গোপাল' বাগধারাটির	অৰ্থ কী?		82.		<mark>রি রাঘবে</mark> ?'- 'রাঘবে' কোন কার	ক কোন
	ক. অপদাৰ্থ	খ. মূৰ্খ			বিভক্তি?		
	গ. সক্রিয় দর্শক	ঘ. নিষ্ক্ৰিয় দ <mark>ৰ্শক</mark>	উ: ঘ		ক. কর্তায় ৭মী	খ <mark>় কর্মে ৭ম</mark> ী	
২৯.	'নেই আঁকড়া' বাগধারাটির ^দ			1	<u>গ. করণে</u> ৭মী	ঘ. <mark>অপাদানে</mark> ৭মী	উ: ঘ
	ক. একই স্বভাবের	খ. নিরেট <mark>মূর্খ</mark>		8२.		র যে স <mark>মাস হয়</mark> তাকে কী বলে?	
	গ. একগুঁয়ে	ঘ. সহায় স <mark>ম্বলহীন</mark>	উ: গ		<mark>ক. উপপদ ত</mark> ৎপুরুষ		
ಿ ೦.	বাড়ি বা রাম্ভার নম্বরের পরে	কোন চিহ্ন ব <mark>সে?</mark>		B.	গ. উপমিত <mark>কর্মধা</mark> রয়		উ: ক
	ক. দাঁড়ি	খ. কোলন		89.	'অন্তরীপ' সমন্তপদটি কোন	1	
	গ. কমা	ঘ. সেমিকোল <mark>ন</mark>	উ: গ		ক. প্রত্যয়ান্ত বহুব্রীহি		
৩১.	কমা অপেক্ষা বেশি বিরতির	'প্ৰয়োজন হলে , <mark>কোন যতি</mark> চিহ্ন ব	াসবে?		গ. নিপাতনে সিদ্ধ বহুব্ৰীহি		উ: গ
	ক. কোলন	খ. ড্যাস		88.	প্রত্যয়ের কোন নিয়মটি স্র্		
	গ. হাইফন	ঘ. সেমিকোলন	উ: ঘ			খ <mark>. নীল + ইমন = নীলিমা</mark>	
૭૨.	কোন বানানটি সঠিক?					घ. निली + भा = नीलिभा	উ: খ
	ক. সমিচিন	খ. সমীচীন		8¢.	প্রাতিপদিক কী?		
	গ. সমীচিন	ঘ. সমিচীন	উ: খ			খ. বিভক্তিযুক্ত শব্দ	
ు	Man gets as mucl	h as he wants- এর সঠিক	বাংলা		গ. বিভক্তিহীন নাম শব্দ		উ: গ
	অনুবাদ কোনটি?			8৬.	'অম্বর' শব্দের সমার্থক শব্দ		
	ক. মানুষের চাওয়া বেশি, '	পাওয়া বেশি			ক. চন্দ্ৰ	খ. সূर्य	
	খ. মানুষ যত পায়, <mark>ত</mark> ত চা	য়			গ. নভঃ	घ. भ्य	উ: গ
	গ. মানুষের চাও <mark>য়ার</mark> শেষ (89.	' <mark>প্রসারণ'</mark> এ <mark>র বিপরীতার্থক শব্দ</mark> কো <mark>নটি?</mark>		
	ঘ. মানুষ যা চায় <mark> তা পা</mark> য় ন	V0117 8110	উ: খ	000	ক. অপ্রসারণ	খ. অপসরণ	_
ి 8.	'It is a lon <mark>g story' এ</mark> র সঠিক বাংলা অনুবাদ-		55		- 1	উ: ঘ	
	ক. সে এক বিরা <mark>ট ইতিহাস</mark>			8b.	'ইতিহাস বিষয়ে অভিজ্ঞ যি		
	খ. বড় কাহিনী				ক. ইতিহাসসচেতন	খ. ঐতিহাসিক	
	গ. সে অনেক কথা 🔻				গ. ইতিহাসবেত্তা	ঘ. চিন্তাবিদ	উ: গ
	ঘ. সে অনেক বড় কাহিনী		উ: গ	8৯.	'নী' প্রত্যয়যোগে লিঙ্গান্তর ব		
৩৫.	কোন বাক্যটি শুদ্ধ?				ক. অরণ্যানী	খ. চাকরানী	
	ক. অনেক সন্ন্যাসিতে গাজ				গ. ভাগনী	ঘ. মেধাবিনী	উ: ঘ
	খ. অধিখ সন্ন্যাসীতে গাজন			с о.	'শুক' শব্দে র দ্রীবাচক শব্দ (
	গ. অনেক সন্ন্যাসীতে গাজ		_		ক. সারী	খ. শারী	
	ঘ. অধিক সন্ন্যাসীতে গান	নষ্ট	উ: খ		গ. শুকী	ঘ. সারা	উ: ক
৩৬.	শুদ্ধ কোনটি?			ራ ኔ.	তিনি সং লোক ছিলেন, ত		
	ক. ভূবন	খ. ভুবন			ক. He has truthful,	was he?	





#. He was really an honest man? **Q. আমি ৰুজ্যাৰ certain ছিল্ম (কলছি। **a. I received your letter just now. **d. I have just received your letter. **d. Just I have received your letter. **d. There is no fruit in the tree. **d. There is no fruit in the tree. **d. Still the tree is without fruit. **d. There is no fruit in the tree. **d. Still the tree is without fruit. **d. There is no fruit in the tree. **d. Still the tree is without fruit. **d. The read of the word 'beauty'? **d. Land to give ear to rumour. **d. One should not concentrate on rumour. **d. We should not hear rumoru. **d. We should not pieve ear to rumour. **d. We should not give ear to rumour. **d. We should not give ear to rumour. **d. He had come here do anything. **d. He came here hurriedly. **d. He came here hurriedly. **d. He came here hurriedly. **d. He come here panting. **d. The noun form of 'broad' is— **d. broadly **d. The noun form of 'broad' is— **d. broadly **d. The verb form of 'little' is— **d. broadly **d. The verb form of 'broad' is— **d. broadly **d. broa						
R. He was really an honest man? A. Treceived your letter just now. A. I have just received your letter. A. Just I have received your letter.		খ. He was an honest man, wasn't he?		ক. did খ. does		
ক. I received your letter; ust now. श. I have just received your letter. श. I just have received your letter. श. Just I have received your letter. श. The tree has not yet borne fruit. श. The rice has not yet borne fruit. श. The antionym of 'candid' is— 8. wild		গ. He was an honest man, did not he		গ. comits ঘ. committed উ: ঘ		
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e. , বিছে এখন কল ধ্বেনি। ক. The tree has not yet borne fruit. ক. The tree has not yet borne fruit. ক. The tree has not yet borne fruit. ক. The tree has not without fruit. ক. The tree has not born fruit you. ক. Sill the tree is without fruit. ক. The tree has not born fruit you. ক. One should not concentrate on rumour. ক. One should not give ear to rumour. ক. One should not give our ear on rumour. ক. We should not give our ear on rumour. ক. We should not give our ear on rumour. ক. He has come here do anything. ক. He had come here running. ক. He had come here running. ক. He came here hurriedly. ক. Think before you do anything. ক. Look before you do. a. Look before you do. b. He before you leap. c. The noun form of 'broad' is— क. belittle क. Ititlen a. Ititlen a. Ititlen a. Ititlen b. What part of speech is the word 'manly'? a. Approval a. go a. goes a. is going a. The ree has not yet borne fruit. a. The ree has not yet borne fruit. a. The eattonym of 'candid' is— a. frank a. straight forward a. truthful a. treating a. truthful b. 'Art a loss' means— a. abate a. abate a. truthful b. 'Art aloss' means— a. hard a. destroy a. defeat a. harm b. Now-a-days educative programmes are — or different TV channels. a. seen a. telecast a. treecasted b. 'Art pearly a. telecast a. truthful b. 'Art aloss' means— a. hard a. treecasted b. 'Art aloss' means— a. what is friendship but a name? a. It is is beyond doubt that he is a brave man. a. There is no doubt that he is a brave man. a. There is n		গ. I just have received your letter.		ক. beautiful খ. beautifully		
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The tree has not born fruit you. So জ্বৰে কান দেওৱা উচিত নয়।		খ. There is no fruit in the tree.		গ. disheartened ঘ. tame উ: ঘ		
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**broadly **l. breath **v. broaden **v. breadth **v. broaden **v. breadth **v. broaden **v. breadth **v. breadth **v. breadth **v. belittle **v. enlittle **v. enlittle **v. littlise **v. lit is doubtless that he is a brave man. **v. It is doubtl		The noun form of 'broad' is-		_		
(Simple) **Oroaden***		ক. broadly				
**Ex. The verb form of 'little' is— **a. belittle **p. belittle **p. littlise **p. little **p. littlise **p. little **p. littlise **p. littlise is no doubt that he is a brave man. **p. He is brave man and there is not doubt about it. **p. Undoubtedly he is a brave man. **p. He is brave man and there is not doubt about it. **p. Undoubtedly he is a brave man. **p. He is brave man and there is not doubt about it. **p. Undoubtedly he is a brave man. **p. He is brave man and there is not doubt about it. **p. Undoubtedly he is a brave man. **p. He is brave man and there is not doubt about it. **p. Undoubtedly he is a brave man. **p. He is brave man and there is not doubt about it. **p. Undoubtedly he is a brave man. **p. He is brave man and there is not doubt about it. **p. Undoubtedly he is a brave man. **p. He is brave man and there is not doubt about it. **p. Undoubtedly he is a brave man. **p. He is brave man and there is not doubt about it. **p. Undoubtedly he is a brave man. **p. He is brave man and there is not doubt about it. **p. Undoubtedly he is a brave man. **p. He is brave man and there is not doubt about it. **p. Undoubtedly he is a brave man. **p. He is brave man and there is not doubt about it. **p. Undoubtedly he is a brave man. **p. He is brave man and there is not doubt about it. **p. Undoubtedly he is a brave man. **p. He is brave man and there is not doubt about it. **p. Undoubtedly he is a brave man. **p. He is brave man and there is not doubt about it. **p. Undoubtedly he is a brave man. **p. He is brave man and there is not doubt about it. **p. Undoubtedly he is a brave man. **p. He is brave man and there is not doubt about it. **p. Undoubtedly he is a brave man. **p. He is brave man and there is not doubt about it. **p. Undoubtedly he is a br		গ. broaden ঘ. breadth উ: ঘ	43.			
ক. belittle গ. littlen খ. enlittle গ. littlen খ. littlise খ. There is no doubt that he is a brave man. গ. He is brave man and there is not doubt about it. খ. Undoubtedly he is a brave man. w. Undoubtedly he is	৫ ৮.	The verb form of 'little' is—	\mathcal{A}			
**Notion বি. Intrinse **S. What part of speech is the word 'manly'? **\tilde{\sigma}. Noun **\tilde{\sigma}. Verb **\tilde{\sigma}. Adjective **\tilde{\sigma}. Adverb **\tilde{\sigma}. Adverb **\tilde{\sigma}. Approve is— **\tilde{\sigma}. Approval **\tilde{\sigma}. We may not hate our country. **\tilde{\sigma}. Should love our country. **\s		ক. belittle খ. enlittle	000			
 What part of speech is the word 'manly'? ক. Noun গ. Adjective ঘ. Adverb ভ. গ ৬০. The noun form of approve is— ক. Aproveness গ. Approval ঘ. Approval ঘ. গ ৬১. Lima along with her friends — to school everyday. ক. go গ. goes গ. are going উ: গ Կ. Undoubtedly he is a brave man. ড়. We should love our country. (Imperative) ক. Let us love our country. গ. We may not hate our country. ড়. Should love our country. Water-logging is one of the worst problems in our country. (Positive) ক. No other problem in our country is as bad a water-logging ড়. Water-logging		গ. littlen ঘ. littlise উ: ক	. 33			
ক. Noun গ. Adjective ঘ. Adverb ভ. The noun form of approve is— ক. Aproveness গ. Approval ঘ. Approval ভ. গ Lima along with her friends — to school everyday. ক. go গ. is going ঘ. are going ভ. গ ভ. গ We should love our country. (Imperative) ক. Love our country. খ. Let us love our country. খ. Should love our country. ঘ. Should love our country. ঘ. Should love our country. ভ. ভ	৫ ৯.	What part of speech is the word 'manly'?				
 ক. Adjective খ. Adverb ক. Love our country. ক. Love our country. খ. Let us love our country. ক. We may not hate our country. ম. We may not hate our country. ম. Should love our country. ম.		ক. Noun খ. Verb	0.5			
 **State of the noun form of approve is— ক. Aproveness **I. Approval **I. Let us love our country. **I. We may not hate our country. **I. Should love our country. **I. Sho		গ. Adjective ঘ. Adverb উ: গ	٦٧.	• • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • •		
ক. Aproveness খ. Approof গ. Approval ঘ. Approval ভ: গ Lima along with her friends — to school everyday. ক. go খ. goes গ. is going ঘ. are going উ: খ We may not hate our country. Water-logging is one of the worst problems in our country. (Positive) ক. No other problem in our country is as bad a water-logging	৬০.	The noun form of approve is-		•		
গ. Approval খ. Approval খ. Approval খ. Approval v. Should love our country.		ক. Aproveness খ. Approof		•		
৬১. Lima along with her friends — to school everyday. ক. go গ. is going ব. are going উ: খ Water-logging is one of the worst problems in our country. (Positive) ক. No other problem in our country is as bad a water-logging		গ. Approval ঘ. Approval উ: গ				
ক. go খ. goes গ. is going ঘ. are going উ:খ our country. (Positive) ক. No other problem in our country is as bad a	৬১.	9	219			
ক. go ব. goes ক. No other problem in our country is as bad a water-logging			10.			
গ. is going খ. are going ৬: খ water-looging						
৬২. Mr. Rhin — a crime.				- · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·		
	હર .	Mr. Rhin — a crime.		- 66 6		





- ₹. Very few problems in our country are as bad as water-logging.
- গ. Water logging is a very worse problem in our
- ঘ. Water logging is worse than any other problem in our country.
- As soon as the teacher enters the classroom, the students stand up. (Negative)
 - क. No sooner does the teacher enter the classroom than the students stand up.
 - খ. No sooner the teacher enters the classroom than the students stand up.
 - গ. No sooner had the teacher entered the classroom than the students stood up.
 - ঘ. The students stood up as the teacher entered the classroom.
- **96.** What cannot be cured must be endure. (Active)
 - ক. We must be endured what we can not cure.
 - ₹. We cannot cure what we must endure.
 - গ. Must be endure can cure.
 - উ: ঘ ঘ. We must endure what we cannot cure.
- ৫ : ৭ এবং ৩ : ১৩ অনুপাতগুলোর ধারাবা<mark>হিক অনুপা</mark>ত কত?
 - ক. ১৫ : ২১ : ৯১
- খ. ২১ : ১৫ : ৯১
- গ. ২১:১৫:৬৫
- ঘ. ১৫ : ২১ : ৩৯
- ১৮ নিচের কোন সংখ্যার ৮% এর সমান?
- খ. ১.৪৪
- গ. ১৮০
- ঘ. ২২৫
- উ: ঘ

উ: ক

- ৭৮. $x + \frac{1}{x} = \sqrt{2}$ হলে, $x^3 + \frac{1}{x^3}$ এর মান কত?
 - ক. 0 গ. $-\sqrt{2}$
- খ. 2
- $4^{x}=2$ হলে, x এর মান কত?

- উ: খ

- ৮০. $25\sqrt{5}$ এর 5 ভিত্তি<mark>ক ল</mark>গ কতঃ

- ৮১. ৭৫ টাকায় ১৫টি কলম কিনে ৯০ টাকায় বিক্রয় করলে শতকরা লাভ কত?
 - ক. ১০%
- খ. ১৫%

- $16x^2 25y^2$ এবং 22ax 15ay এর গ.সা.গু কত?
- উ: গ গ. ২০% ঘ. ২৫%

- ▼. 6ax 10ay
- খ. 4x + 5y
- গ. 4ax 5ay
- ঘ. 4x − 5y
- উ: ==

উ: গ

- ৮৩. ৫০০ টাকায় বিক্রয় করায় ২৫% লাভ হলো, ক্রয়মূল্য কত?
 - ক, ৬২৫ টাকা
- খ. ৫২৫ টাকা
- গ. ৪০০ টাকা
- ঘ. ৩৭৫ টাকা

খ. ৪ বছর

- ৬% হারে ৪০০ টাকার মুনাফা কত বছরে ১২০ টাকা?
- ক. ৫ বছর
- গ. ৩ বছর
- ঘ. ২ বছর
- উ: ক
- ৮৫. ৩,৬,৮ এর ৪র্থ সমানুপাতি কোনটি?
 - ক. ১০
- খ. ১২
- গ. ২৪
- ঘ. ৪৮
- উ: খ

- ৮৬. ৭০° এর সম্পুরক কোণ কত?
 - ক. ২০°
- গ. ৬০°
- ঘ. ১১০°
- উ: ঘ
- বৃত্তের ব্যাস 20 মিটার হলে পরিধি কত?
 - **季**. 20π
- খ. 10 π
- গ. 100 π
- ঘ. 400π
- <mark>সমবাহু ত্রিভূজে</mark>র এক বাহু x <mark>মিটার হ</mark>লে তার ক্ষেত্রফল কত

- উ: খ
- বর্গক্ষেত্রের একবা<mark>হু 4 মিটার হলে</mark> কর্ণ কত মিটার?
 - Φ . $2\sqrt{2}$
- গ. 21
- ঘ. 32√2
- উ: ক
- চিত্রে AB = BC = CD = AD হলে, $\angle x$ এর মান কত?
 - ক. 30°
- খ. 45°
- গ. 60°
- ঘ. 75°
- উ: গ

উ: ক

- $6x^2 7x 5$ এর উৎপাদক নিচের কোনটি?
 - $\overline{\Phi}$. (2x+1)(3x-5) \forall . (2x+5)(3x-1)
 - গ. (2x+5)(3x-1) ঘ. (2x-5)(3x+1)
- $a = 3^{\overline{3}} + 3^{\overline{3}}$ হলে, $3a^3 9a + 1$ এর মান কত?
 - ক. 5
- খ. 8

- উ: ঘ
- ৯৩. $a^x = y$ হলে নিচের কোন সম্পর্কটি সঠিক?
 - $\overline{\Phi}$. $y = \log_x a$ গ. $a = log_x y$
- খ. $x = log_a y$ ঘ. $x = log_v a$
- উ: খ
- ৯৪. $\log_{x} 324 = 4$ হলে, x এর মান কত?
 - $\overline{\Phi}$. $3\sqrt{2}$ গ. $5\sqrt{2}$
- - ঘ. $2\sqrt{5}$
- দুটি সংখ্যার অনুপাত 3:2 এবং গ.সা.গু 4 হলে, তাদের গ.সা.গু





উ: ঘ

উ: খ

ক. 6

খ. 8

গ. 12

ঘ. 24

উ: ঘ

৯৬. $a^2 - b^2 = 8$ এবং ab = 3 হলে, $a^2 + b^2 = \overline{a}$ 雨. ±10

খ. 10

গ. ±11

ঘ. 11

উ: ল

উ: গ

৯৭. কোনো ত্রিভুজের বাহুর দৈর্ঘ্য যথাক্রমে 6, 8 ও 11 সে.মি. হলে ত্রিভুজটির ক্ষেত্রফল কত?

ক. 40 বর্গ সে.মি.

খ. 30 বর্গ সে.মি.

গ. 24 বর্গ সে.মি.

ঘ. 12 বর্গ সে.মি.

অর্ধবৃত্তস্থ কোণ সমান কত?

ক. **৩**০°

খ. ৪৫°

গ. ৬০°

ঘ. ৯০°

 $\sqrt{\mathbf{x}^{-1}\mathbf{y}} \times \sqrt{\mathbf{y}^{-1}\mathbf{z}} \times \sqrt{\mathbf{z}^{-1}\mathbf{x}}$ এর মান কত?

ক. ()

গ. xyz

ঘ. √xyz

১০০. বৃত্তের উপচাপে অন্তর্লিখিত কোণ-

ক. স্থূলকোণ

খ. সৃক্ষকোণ

গ. সমকোণ

ঘ. প্রবৃদ্ধকোণ

উ: ক

